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NEWS NOTES

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FOURTEEN MORE ARMY HOSPITALS TO CLOSE BY MARCH 31

Fourteen additional Army General Hospitals, three annexes to General Hospitals and four Convalescent Hospitals will be closed by March 31, 1946, according to present Army Medical Department plans, Major General Norman T. Kirk, Surgeon General of the Army, has announced.

In accordance with The Surgeon General's policy of releasing these hospitals as rapidly as the decrease in the patient load justifies, these units will be offered to the Veterans Administration or else reported to the Surplus Property Administration for disposal.

Out of a wartime peak of 65 General Hospitals operated by the Army Medical Department, 20 have already been closed. In addition, out of a peak of 13 Army Service Forces Convalescent Hospitals, three have already been closed.

The closing of these fourteen General Hospitals, three annexes and four Convalescent Hospitals will result in a reduction of approximately 38,000 beds in General Hospitals and 6,500 in Convalescent Hospitals.

After the evacuation of all transportable cases from overseas theaters there were approximately 121,400 patients in Army General and Convalescent Hospitals at the first of the year. It is estimated that there will be approximately 39,700 on June 1, 1946. The peak patient load in Army hospitals in the United States was reached in August 1945 with a total census of 315,000.

There will be a lapse of sixty days between the dates on which the hospitals will be closed and the dates on which they will be declared surplus to the needs of the War Department, in order to allow time for handling transfer of property and other administrative details.

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FOURTEEN MORE ARMY HOSPITALS TO CLOSE BY MARCH 31 (Continued)

The following General Hospitals will be released by February 28: Billings General Hospital, Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana (Will revert to station hospital status to serve the needs of Fort Benjamin Harrison); Camp Butner General Hospital, Camp Butner, North Carolina.

The following are scheduled for closure by March 31: Camp Edwards General Hospital, Camp Edwards, Massachusetts (Will revert to station hospital status to serve the needs of Camp Edwards); Thomas M. England General Hospital, Atlantic City, New Jersey; McGuire General Hospital, Richmond, Virginia; Woodrow Wilson General Hospital, Staunton, Virginia; Northington General Hospital, Tuscaloosa, Alabama; Fletcher General Hospital, Cambridge, Ohio; Nichols General Hospital, Louisville, Kentucky; Vaughan General Hospital, Hines, Illinois; Camp Carson General Hospital, Camp Carson, Colorado; Schick General Hospital, Clinton, Iowa; McCloskey General Hospital, Temple, Texas; and Birmingham General Hospital, Van Nuys, California.

The following closures include the annexes only, not the General Hospitals: Edgewood Annex to Mason General Hospital, Brentwood, Long Island, New York; Daniel Field Annex to Cliver General Hospital, Augusta, Georgia; and Eastman Annex to Army and Navy General Hospital, Hot Springs, Arkansas

The following Convalescent Hospitals are scheduled for closure by March 31: Camp Edwards Convalescent Hospital, Camp Edwards, Massachusetts; Fort Story Convalescent Hospital, Virginia Beach, Virginia; Camp Carson Convalescent Hospital, Camp Carson, Colorado; and Mitchell Convalescent Hospital, Camp Lockett, California.

BRIGADIER GENERAL R. W. BLISS NEW DEPUTY SURGEON GENERAL

Brigadier General Raymond W. Bliss, Assistant Surgeon General and Chief of Operations Service, has been appointed Deputy Surgeon General to succeed Major General George F. Lull, who requested his retirement after 33 years of service in the Medical Department, according to an announcement made by Major General Norman T. Kirk, The Surgeon General of the Army,

In addition to his new responsibilities, General Bliss will continue to handle the duties of Assistant Surgeon General and Chief of Operations Service. His outstanding contributions to the achievements of the Medical Department in these capacities won him the Distinguished Service Medal, the highest non-combatant award. Lieutenant General Albert C. Wedemeyer, Commanding General of the China Theater, made the presentation a few months ago in San Francisco just before they flew to China and other Pacific areas.

Born in Chelsea, Massachusetts, May 17, 1888, General Bliss's Army career dates back to September of 1911, when he was commissioned a First Lieutenant in the Medical Reserve Corps. He served on active duty in the Reserve Corps until 1913, when he became a First Lieutenant in the Regular Army Medical Corps.

BRIGADIER GENERAL R. W. BLISS NEW DEPUTY SURGEON GENERAL (Continued)

His tours of duty included assignments to medical installations in this country as well as the Philippines and Hawaii. In October, 1921, he was detailed to the Hospital Division of the Veterans Administration in Washington, D. C., where he served for eighteen months.

In November, 1936, General Bliss was transferred from Fort Sam Houston, Texas, where he was Chief of Surgical Service, to William Beaumont General Hospital at El Paso, Texas, in the same capacity.

General Bliss went to London as Military Observer in September, 1940, and upon his return in January, 1941, was made Commanding Officer of the post hospital at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. In February, 1942, he became Surgeon, Eastern Defense Command and First Army, Governors Island, New York.

In June of 1943 he was appointed Chief of Operations Service in The Surgeon General's Office and shortly after that he assumed the duties of Assistant Surgeon General.

He received his M.D. from Tufts College, Boston, Massachusetts in 1910. When he went on active duty he entered the Army Medical School in Washington, D. C. In 1920, he entered Harvard Medical School for a special course in surgery and remained in Boston for study in surgical clinics there and further work at Harvard. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Science from Tufts College in 1943.

GENERAL EISENHOWER COMMENDS ARMY NURSE CORPS ON THEIR 45TH ANNIVERSARY

In commemoration of the forty-fifth anniversary of the Army Nurse Corps, General Dwight D. Eisenhower, Chief of Staff, has issued the following statement:

"In joining the celebration of the forty-fifth anniversary of the Army Nurse Corps, we of the Army are glad to say that it has been our privilege to serve with these fine soldiers. During World War II the members of the Army Nurse Corps have served with the Army wherever it has been stationed. They have shown us that for them no day has been too long nor night too dark.

"We know that the demands we have placed upon them in hospitals both at home and overseas have called for unusual courage and great sacrifice. We also know that with inherent fortitude they have met, with our fighting men and the wounded, conditions to strain the nerves of the staunchest. And today, we find them still keeping faith with our convalescent troops wherever they may be.

"On February 2, 1946, when the Army Nurse Corps celebrates its founding, thousands of men will recall with grateful appreciation the many occasions when understanding Army nurses have helped them through dark moments. For the loyal women the Army Nurse Corps has given us since its inception and for its supporting role in the recent world conflict, I add my sincere and humble thanks. I know all Americans will join me in saying 'Many happy returns of the day.'"

GENERAL KIRK SPEAKS AT OPENING OF PROGRAM TO ERECT NURSES NATIONAL MEMORIAL

Plans for the erection of a Nurses National Memorial, with a minimum two-million dollar goal, were formally launched January 10 at a luncheon at the Mayflower Hotel, Washington, D. C., with Major General Norman T. Kirk, Surgeon General of the Army, making the principal address.

Among those present at the luncheon were Mrs. Harry S. Truman, guest of honor; Mrs. Norman T. Kirk, Chairman of the Board of Trustees; and Mrs. Ross T. McIntyre, co-sponsor with Mrs. Kirk. Mr. Arthur H. Johnson presided. Other speakers on the program were Mrs. Carl Spaatz; Colonel Wallace H. Graham, personal physician to President Truman; Dr. H. A. B. Dunning, Sr., leading scientist; and Mr. Jarrett C. White, architectural advisor, who outlined the plans for the building.

"You can be certain," General Kirk said, "that this program you are sponsoring to provide a social center with club and home-like facilities for the comfort and convenience of the nurses, dietitians and physiotherapists in Washington will have the whole-hearted and unqualified support of everyone who knows of the sacrifices and the devotion to duty of these valiant soldiers of mercy."

Quoting recent remarks of General Dwight D. Eisenhower, General Kirk continued, "One needs only to talk with the wounded or witness our nurses at work in the field and in the hospitals to realize that they are taking their places alongside the greatest women in the history of our country. Nothing stops them in their determination to see that our troops receive the best attention possible."

General Kirk went on to praise the high traditions of the Army Nurse Corps, which date back to 1901 when it was first organized. Since then, the General pointed out, more than 100,000 have served in the Corps.

In 1939 there were only 949 members of the Army Nurse Corps and by December 7, 1941, the total had reached approximately 7,000. In answer to the plea for nurses, volunteers swelled the ranks to a peak of 57,000 by 1945. Now nurses are being released to relieve the nation-wide shortages in hospitals and a total of approximately 30,000 nurses have been returned to civilian life to date, General Kirk said.

Citing several instances of bravery exhibited by members of the Army Nurse Corps, General Kirk said, "It was deeds of fortitude such as these that helped the Medical Department establish an unprecedented record in caring for the sick and wounded and in saving lives."

LT. COL. JOHN W. REGAN NEW DIRECTOR OF SANITATION AND SANITARY ENGINEERING

Lieutenant Colonel John W. Regan, MC, Assistant Director of the Sanitation and Sanitary Engineering Division, Preventive Medicine Service, has been appointed Director of that division, succeeding Colonel William A. Hardenbergh.

LT. COL. JOHN W. REGAN NEW DIRECTOR OF SANITATION AND SANITARY ENGINEERING (Cont)

A native of Charleston, South Carolina, Lt. Colonel Regan entered the Regular Army in 1940, having received his M.D. from Harvard Medical School in 1936.

His major services in the Army include three years at Carlisle Barracks Medical Field Service School, a year in China as Chief of the Medical Section Infantry Training Center at Kweilin, China, and from 1944 to 1945 in Preventive Medicine, CBI Headquarters, New Delhi, India.

In August of 1945 he was assigned to the Office of The Surgeon General.

Colonel Hardenbergh is returning to civilian life, where he will resume his position as Editor of the Public Works Magazine in New York City.

MICROFILM SERVICE SET UP IN PARIS

Plans for setting up microfilm service in Paris, which were started early in 1939 by Dr. Atherton Seidell, now Honorary Consultant and Representative of the Army Medical Library, were completed recently when Dr. Seidell made a trip to Paris for that purpose.

Microfilm service is the Army Medical Library's system of disseminating the latest medical and surgical knowledge to various overseas areas, some of which were cut off from any other source of information.

Mr. Cosby Brinkley, Chief of the Army Medical Library Photographic Duplication Service, who is largely responsible for the development and management of this service, pointed out that the chief advantage of microfilm lies in its compactness and light weight, which greatly economizes shipping space. The entire material contained in about fifteen medical journals can be reproduced on one 100-foot roll of 35-millimeter film, weighing only eight ounces. This roll, when ready for shipping, measures $3\frac{1}{8}$ inches in diameter and $1\frac{1}{8}$ inches in thickness.

From 40,000 to 60,000 feet of microfilm were sent out monthly during the war, meaning that over 10,000,000 pages of medical literature a year were being transported to scientists in all theaters of operations.

When the film is received it may be utilized by the use of ordinary photographic enlargers, or may be projected on a screen. This process enlightened many isolated areas during the war and spread the wonder of the miracle drugs, penicillin and the sulfas, to occupied countries and fields of battle, saving many lives of American and Allied wounded.

GENERAL KIRK MAKES FIVE LEGION OF MERIT PRESENTATIONS

Five Legion of Merit Awards have been presented by Major General Norman T. Kirk, Surgeon General of the Army, to the following officers: Colonel James E. Ash, Director of the Army Medical Museum; Lieutenant Colonel Fred J. Fielding, Chief of Classification and Records Section, Military Personnel Division; Lieutenant Colonel Michael E. DeFakay, Chief of General Surgery Branch, Surgical Consultants Division; Lieutenant Colonel Oliver R. McCoy, Director of Tropical Disease Control Division, Preventive Medicine Service; and Major Robert L. Kaye, Corps of Engineers, Commanding Officer of Cinchona Research Unit.

As Director of the Army Medical Museum, the citation stated, Colonel Ash "organized the most extensive tissue pathology service ever known to the world. The photographic and art service of the Museum was developed, which amassed a wealth of visual material -- over 40,000 black and white photographs, over 4,000 kodachromes, and over 50,000 feet of colored movies."

Lieutenant Colonel Fielding "effected the assignment and equitable distribution of medical skills. Under his guidance the entire personnel records system was coordinated and integrated to the end that available professional abilities were utilized to the maximum degree."

Lieutenant Colonel DeFakay "conceived and initiated the monthly Bulletin of the United States Army Medical Department, which furnished physicians all over the world with authoritative information on advances in medicine."

In the field of malaria treatment and control Lieutenant Colonel McCoy "fostered activity in the dissemination of knowledge pertinent to tropical disease control, both in professional circles and among troops," thus maintaining their health while operating in overseas areas. His "outstanding achievements in bringing into being a means of production of quinine and related antimalarials signify a magnificent contribution to mankind."

GENERAL BLISS REPORTS ON HEALTH OF THE ARMY IN THE PACIFIC

American soldiers in the Pacific are an exceptionally healthy body of troops, despite the fact many of them are located in the most disease-ridden areas in the world, Brigadier General Raymond T. Bliss, Deputy Surgeon General of the Army, said in a report of his recent tour of Pacific theaters.

The low disease rate among American forces in those areas is the result of the gigantic program of preventive medicine, involving the expenditure of millions of dollars, which The Surgeon General's Office inaugurated to guard the welfare of this country's fighting forces in foreign lands, according to General Bliss.

GENERAL BLISS REPORTS ON HEALTH OF THE ARMY IN THE PACIFIC (Continued)

The overall hospitalization rate, which indicates the number of hospital beds occupied in relation to troop strength, was less than two per cent, while in many areas it was as low as one per cent, the General said.

The occupancy of hospital beds even in this country is usually figured at about three per cent, which means that the health showing in recent months in the Pacific has been far better than to be expected, despite the disease hazards encountered over there.

To accomplish such results, the Army Medical Department took the initiative in organizing an all-out attack against disease. The cooperation of the best civilian and military tropical medicine experts in the country was enlisted, special courses were organized to teach Army doctors how to care for troops exposed to these strange diseases, and a campaign of education in hygiene and field sanitation was inaugurated among the soldiers. Protective clothing, new repellents and insecticides, including DDT and drugs such as atabrine, penicillin and the sulfas, all played a part in this effective program.

Malaria, dysentery, and infectious hepatitis are the diseases giving Army doctors the most concern in the zones visited.

In company with Brigadier General William C. Menninger, Director of the Neuropsychiatry Consultants Division of The Surgeon General's Office, and Dr. Eli Ginzberg, Director of the Resources Analysis Division, General Bliss traveled the early part of the trip by plane with Lieutenant General Albert C. Wedemeyer, Commanding General of the China Theater.

Leaving San Francisco, the party flew to Hickam Field, Hawaii, and on to Guam, Tokyo, Peking, and Shanghai where General Wedemeyer proceeded alone to his headquarters at Chungking. The balance of the itinerary included Kunming, Canton, Nanking, Korea, Kyoto, Tokyo, Okinawa, Manila, Tinian, Guam and Saipan.

In Honolulu they inspected the new Tripler Hospital, which is regarded as one of the finest in the world from the standpoint of hospital construction. They were the guests of General MacArthur at a luncheon at the Embassy in Tokyo. They were scheduled to meet Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek at Chungking, but the weather prevented their landing there. General Menninger, in his report on the trip, pointed out that from a neuropsychiatric standpoint, there are problems that must be faced in Pacific areas.

An orientation program must be put into effect to give the soldiers a viewpoint that will convince them of the need for an occupation force and help them reconcile themselves to the duty that they must perform, according to General Menninger.

GENERAL BLISS REPORTS ON HEALTH OF ARMY IN PACIFIC (Continued)

The importance of the work of the U. S. Armed Forces Institute in providing "universities" where soldiers could occupy their time to good advantage was stressed by General Menninger.

Dr. Ginzberg, in his report on resources, remarked that the best hospitals in Tokyo were those built with American voluntary contributions after the big earthquake of 1923. They have all been taken over as general and station hospitals for the use of American Armed Forces.

The purpose of the trip was the study of medical services in the Pacific, demobilization of Medical Department personnel and to lay plans for the permanent hospitalization and evacuation of patients of the Army of Occupation.

CAPTAIN G. W. LARIMORE GETS ARMY COMMENDATION RIBBON

Captain Granville W. Larimore, MC, Chief of the Health Education Unit, Preventive Medicine Service, Office of The Surgeon General, has been awarded the Army Commendation Ribbon for his work with control of venereal disease at the Army Air Forces Southeast Training Center, Maxwell Field, Alabama.

Entering the Army from the Medical Reserve Corps in June of 1942, Captain Larimore has served successively as Venereal Disease Control Officer at McDill Field, Florida; Army Air Forces Southeast Training Center, Maxwell Field, Alabama; and with the Office of The Surgeon General as Chief of the Venereal Disease Education Branch prior to his present position. He is a member of the Chicago Medical Society, the Illinois State Medical Society, the American Medical Association, American Public Health Association, and the American Association for Advancement of Science.

Born in Tampa, Florida, he holds a B.S. degree from the University of Florida and received his medical education from the University of Alabama and the Rush Medical School, University of Chicago. He also graduated from the Harvard University School of Public Health with the degree of Master of Public Health, magna cum laude in 1942. Before coming into the service he held the position of District Health Superintendent with the Illinois State Department. He recently received the Legion of Merit for his work in the Office of The Surgeon General.

REASSIGNMENTS, OFFICE OF THE SURGEON GENERAL

BRIGADIER GENERAL RAYMOND W. BLISS, USA, reassigned from Assistant Surgeon General to Deputy Surgeon General.

MAJOR EDITH A. AYNES, ANC, transferred from Technical Information Division, Army Nurse Branch, to Nursing Division, Professional Administrative Service.

ARRIVALS, OFFICE OF THE SURGEON GENERAL

COLONEL CLARK B. MEADOR, MC, of Abilene, Texas, formerly Army Medical Purchasing Office, New York, New York, assigned to Army Medical Research and Development Board, Development Division.

COLONEL KARL R. LUNDEBERG, MC, of Washington, D. C., formerly overseas, India Burma Theater, assigned to Personnel Service.

COLONEL EARLE STANDLEE, MC, of Washington, D. C., formerly overseas, Mediterranean Theater of Operations, assigned to Personnel Service.

COLONEL JAMES A MCCALLAM, VC, of San Antonio, Texas, formerly overseas, Headquarters, 6th Army, assigned Director, Veterinary Division.

LIEUTENANT COLONEL WILLIAM C. BURRY, MC, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, formerly Army Medical Purchasing Office, New York, New York, assigned to Army Medical Research and Development Board, Development Division.

LIEUTENANT COLONEL GEORGE V. LEROY, MC, of Chicago, Illinois, formerly Camp Grant, Illinois, assigned to Personnel Service.

LIEUTENANT COLONEL JAMES E. SAMS, MC, of Dallas, Texas, formerly Army Medical Purchasing Office, New York, New York, assigned to Army Medical Research and Development Board, Development Division.

LIEUTENANT COLONEL PEARSON W. BROWN, DC, of Arlington, Virginia, formerly General Dispensary, U. S. Army, Washington, D. C., assigned to Historical Division.

MAJOR KERMIT G. D'ORK, MC, of Forest Hills, New York, formerly MDRP, Tilton General Hospital, Fort Dix, New Jersey, assigned to Professional Administrative Service, Physical Standards Division, Disposition and Retirement Branch.

MAJOR DONALD L. ROSE, MC, of Silver Springs, Maryland, formerly Army Medical Center, Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., assigned to Reconditioning Consultants Division.

MAJOR ROBERT G. SMITH, MAC, of Livingston, New Jersey, formerly overseas, Headquarters, USF China Theater, assigned to Personnel Service.

CAPTAIN EDWARD M. CECCOLINI, MC, of Tarry Town, New York, formerly MDRP, Tilton General Hospital, Fort Dix, New Jersey, assigned to Professional Administrative Service, Physical Standards Division, Disposition and Retirement Branch.

CAPTAIN ROBERT C. LONGAN, JR., MC, of Richmond, Virginia, formerly 4th Service Command, Lawson General Hospital, Atlanta, Georgia, assigned to Neuropsychiatry Consultants Division, Psychiatry Branch.

CAPTAIN GORDON L. RENTON, MC, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, formerly overseas, Headquarters, USFET, assigned to Personnel Service.

CAPTAIN RICHARD S. WOODRUFF, MC, of Pittsfield, Massachusetts, formerly MDRP, Tilton General Hospital, Fort Dix, New Jersey, assigned to Professional Administrative Service, Physical Standards Division, Disposition and Retirement Branch.

1ST LIEUTENANT RICHARD F. BILLINGS, MAC, of Winsor, Connecticut, formerly Army Medical Center, Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., assigned to Supply Service.

DEPARTURES, OFFICE OF THE SURGEON GENERAL

MAJOR GENERAL GEORGE F. LULL, USA, Chicago, Illinois, formerly Deputy Surgeon General, assigned to Separation Center, Fort Meade, Maryland.

BRIGADIER GENERAL HUGH J. MORGAN, USA, Washington, D. C., formerly Medical Consultants Division, assigned to Separation Center, Fort McPherson, Georgia.

BRIGADIER GENERAL EDWARD REYNOLDS, USA, Washington, D. C., formerly Chief, Supply Service, assigned to Separation Center, Fort Meade, Maryland.

COLONEL WALTER BAUER, MC, Boston, Massachusetts, formerly Medical Consultants Division, General Medicine Branch, assigned to Separation Center, Fort Devens, Massachusetts.

COLONEL RAYMOND O. DART, MC, San Francisco, California, formerly Personnel Service, assigned to Army Medical Museum, Washington, D. C.

COLONEL EUGENE C. EPPINGER, MC, Brookline, Massachusetts, formerly Medical Consultants Division, Communicable Disease Treatment Branch, assigned to Separation Center, Pentagon, Washington, D. C.

COLONEL JAMES F. FIFE, MC, Washington, D. C., formerly Executive Office, assigned to Separation Center, Fort Meade, Maryland.

COLONEL PHILIP S. HENCH, MC, Rochester, Minnesota, formerly Medical Consultants Division, assigned to Separation Center, Camp McCoy, Wisconsin.

COLONEL PAUL M. IRELAND, MC, Pueblo, Colorado, formerly Personnel Service, assigned to Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colorado.

COLONEL ALBERT G. LOVE, MC, Memphis, Tennessee, formerly Historical Division, revert to retired status.

COLONEL WALTER H. MOURSUND, MC, Mercedes, Texas, formerly Personnel Service, assigned to Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Texas.

LIEUTENANT COLONEL GAYLORD W. ANDERSON, MC, St. Paul, Minnesota, formerly Preventive Medicine Service, Medical Intelligence and Health Education Division, assigned to Separation Center, Camp McCoy, Wisconsin.

LIEUTENANT COLONEL MYLES P. BAKER, MC, Brookline, Massachusetts, formerly Medical Consultants Division, General Medicine Branch, assigned to Separation Center, Camp McCoy, Wisconsin.

LIEUTENANT COLONEL JOHN C. BRAUER, DC, Iowa City, Iowa, formerly Dental Division, assigned to Separation Center, Jefferson Barracks, Missouri.

LIEUTENANT COLONEL JAMES J. CALLAHAN, MC, Oak Park, Illinois, formerly Medical Consultants Division, Orthopedic Branch, assigned to Separation Center, Camp Grant, Illinois.

LIEUTENANT COLONEL HENRY B. GWYNN, MC, Washington, D. C., formerly Reconditioning Consultants Division, assigned to Separation Center, Fort Meade, Maryland.

LIEUTENANT COLONEL ROLLAND E. SIGAFOOS, MC, Omaha, Nebraska, formerly Operations Service, Training Division, assigned to Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Texas.

MAJOR JOHN M. FLUMERFELT, MC, Cambridge, Massachusetts, formerly Neuropsychiatry Consultants Division, Psychiatry Branch, assigned to Separation Center, Fort Devens, Massachusetts.

DEPARTURES, OFFICE OF THE SURGEON GENERAL (Continued)

MAJOR CLARENCE S. LIVINGOOD, MC, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, formerly Medical Consultants Division, General Medicine Branch, assigned to Separation Center, Indianatown Gap Military Reservation, Pennsylvania.

MAJOR OWEN S. OGDEN, MC, Louisville, Kentucky, formerly Preventive Medicine Service, Civil Public Health and Nutrition Division, assigned to Detachment of Patients, Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C.

MAJOR ALEXANDER T. ROSS, MC, Indianapolis, Indiana, formerly Neuropsychiatry Consultants Division, Neurology Branch, assigned to Separation Center, Camp Atterbury, Indiana.

MAJOR VICTOR SHERMAN, MC, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, formerly Professional Administrative Service, Physical Standards Division, Induction and Appointment Branch, assigned to Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C.

MAJOR LEROY SCHAEFF, MAC, Arlington, Virginia, formerly Fiscal Division, Field Supervision Branch, assigned to Separation Center, Fort Meade, Maryland.

MAJOR ERIC A. STORZ, MAC, St. Louis, Missouri, formerly Supply Service, assigned to Separation Center, Jefferson Barracks, Missouri.

CAPTAIN ARCHIBALD H. LOGAN, JR., MC, Rochester, Minnesota, formerly Personnel Service, assigned to Headquarters, Sixth Service Command, Chicago, Illinois.

CAPTAIN HAROLD A. PRESS, MC, Forest Hills, New York, formerly Control Division, Procedures Branch, assigned to Separation Center, Fort Dix, New Jersey.

CAPTAIN FRANK RATHAUSER, MC, Trenton, New Jersey, formerly Historical Division, assigned to Separation Center, Fort Dix, New Jersey.

CAPTAIN ALAN B. HUELLMANTEL, MAC, Detroit, Michigan, formerly Personnel Service, Military Personnel Division, Classification and Records Branch, assigned to Separation Center, Camp McCoy, Wisconsin.

CAPTAIN ALBERT B. FISHER, MAC, New York, New York, formerly Supply Service, Reports and Records Branch, assigned to Separation Center, Fort Dix, New Jersey.

CAPTAIN WILLIAM W. PERRETT, MAC, Silver Springs, Maryland, formerly Supply Service, assigned to Separation Center, Fort Meade, Maryland.

CAPTAIN WALTER B. SHIPP, MAC, Austin, Texas, formerly Supply Service, Storage and Maintenance Division, Depot Operations Branch, assigned to Separation Center, Camp Fannin, Texas.

CAPTAIN RICHARD A. TURNER, MAC, Kansas City, Kansas, formerly Supply Service, Storage and Maintenance Division, Depot Operations Branch, assigned to Separation Center, Camp Chaffee, Arkansas.

1ST LIEUTENANT ELEANOR DOWD, MC, Quincy, Illinois, formerly Personnel Service, Military Personnel Division, Army Nurse Branch, assigned to Separation Center, Fort Sheridan, Illinois.

DEPARTURES, OFFICE OF THE SURGEON GENERAL (Continued)

1ST LIEUTENANT MARY N. STAN, MDD, Denver, Colorado, formerly Personnel Service, Military Personnel Division, Medical Department Dietitian Branch, assigned to Separation Center, Fort Dix, New Jersey.

1ST LIEUTENANT JEAN OGDEN WATERS, WAC, formerly Control Division, Procedures Branch, assigned to Separation Center, Fort Dix, New Jersey.

1ST LIEUTENANT MARY E. D. MILLER, WAC, York, Pennsylvania, formerly Control Division, Procedures Branch, assigned to Separation Center, Fort Dix, New Jersey.

PROMOTIONS, OFFICE OF THE SURGEON GENERAL

Lieutenant Colonel to Colonel

MASON LADD, JAGD, Iowa City, Iowa, Legal Division

Major to Lieutenant Colonel

HENRY B. GYNN, MC, Washington, D. C., Reconditioning Consultants Division.

Captain to Major

THOMAS E. SHAFFER, MC, New Haven, Connecticut, Preventive Medicine Service, Infectious Disease Control Division.

LEROY SCHAEFF, MAC, Arlington, Virginia, Fiscal Division, Field Supervision Branch.